

2.20

$\omega_0 = 0$

$\alpha = k t$

$k = 0.08 \text{ s}^{-3}$

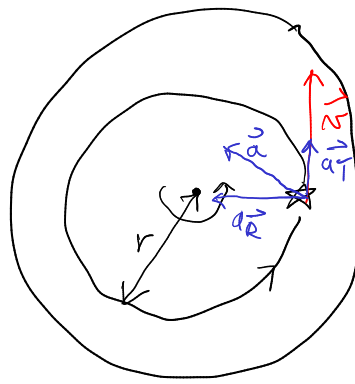
$N = 1$

$r = 30 \text{ cm}$

$v_1 = ?$

$a_1 = ?$

$\varphi_1 = N \cdot 2\pi$



$\vec{a} = \vec{a}_R + \vec{a}_T$

$$\varphi(t) = \int_0^t \omega(t') dt'$$

$$\omega(t) = \int_0^t \alpha(t') dt'$$

$$\varphi(t)$$

$$\omega(t) = \varphi'(t)$$

$$\alpha(t) = \omega'(t) = \varphi''(t)$$

$$\omega(t) = \int_0^t k t' dt' = \left. \frac{k t'^2}{2} \right|_0^t = k \frac{t^2}{2}$$

$$\varphi(t) = \int_0^t \frac{k t'^2}{2} dt' = \left. \frac{k t'^3}{6} \right|_0^t = k \frac{t^3}{6}$$

$$\varphi_1 = N \cdot 2\pi = \frac{k t_1^3}{6}$$

ob čemu t_1 manji
plošča 1. obrat

$$t_1 = \left(\frac{12\pi N}{k} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$v_1 = \omega_1 r$$

$$a_1 = |\vec{a}_1| = \sqrt{a_R^2 + a_T^2}$$

$$a_R = r \omega_1^2$$

$$a_T = r \alpha_1$$

$$\omega_1 = \frac{k}{2} t_1^2 = \frac{k}{2} \left(\frac{12\pi N}{k} \right)^{2/3}$$

$$v_1 = r \frac{k}{2} \left(\frac{12\pi N}{k} \right)^{2/3} = 0.73 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\alpha_1 = k t_1 = k \left(\frac{12\pi N}{k} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$a_1 = \sqrt{(r \omega_1^2)^2 + (r \alpha_1)^2} = r \sqrt{\omega_1^4 + \alpha_1^2} =$$

$$= r \sqrt{\left(\frac{k}{2} \left(\frac{12\pi N}{k} \right)^{2/3} \right)^4 + \left(k \left(\frac{12\pi N}{k} \right)^{1/3} \right)^2} = r k^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{(12\pi N)^{8/3}}{16} + (12\pi N)^{2/3}} =$$

$$= 1.77 \text{ m/s}^2$$

2.22

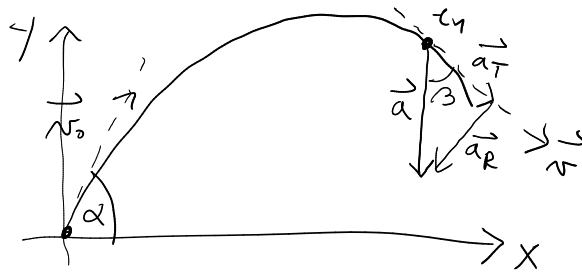
$\alpha = 60^\circ$

$v_0 = 20 \text{ m/s}$

$t_1 = 3 \text{ s}$

$a_R = ?$

$a_T = ?$



$|\vec{a}| = g$

$\vec{a} = \vec{a}_R + \vec{a}_T$

$\vec{v}(t_1) = ?$

$\vec{v} = (v_x, v_y)$

$v_x = v_0 \cos \alpha$

$v_y = v_0 \sin \alpha - g t$

$\vec{v}(t_1) = (v_0 \cos \alpha, v_0 \sin \alpha - g t_1)$

$\vec{a} = (0, -g)$

$|\vec{v}(t_1) \times \vec{a}| = v(t_1) \cdot a \sin \beta$

$\vec{v}(t_1) \cdot \vec{a} = v(t_1) \cdot a \cos \beta$

$a_R = \frac{|\vec{v}(t_1) \times \vec{a}|}{v(t_1)}$

$$a_T = \frac{\vec{v}(t_1) \cdot \vec{a}}{v(t_1)} = \frac{-g(v_0 \sin \alpha - g t_1)}{\sqrt{(v_0 \cos \alpha)^2 + (v_0 \sin \alpha - g t_1)^2}}$$

$$= 7.56 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$a^2 = a_R^2 + a_T^2$

$a_R = \sqrt{a^2 - a_T^2} = \sqrt{g^2 - a_T^2} = 6.25 \text{ m/s}^2$

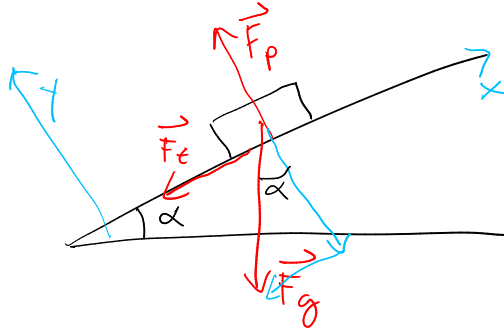
3.1

$$\alpha = 10^\circ$$

$$v_0 = 14 \text{ m/s}$$

$$s = 20 \text{ m}$$

$$k_t = 0.1$$



$$\sum \vec{F} = m \vec{a}$$

2. Newtons Zekon

$$\vec{F}_g + \vec{F}_P + \vec{F}_t = m \vec{a}$$

$$x: -mg \sin \alpha + 0 - F_t = m a$$

$$y: -mg \cos \alpha + F_P + 0 = 0 \rightarrow F_P = mg \cos \alpha$$

$$F_t = k_t \cdot F_P \rightarrow F_t = k_t mg \cos \alpha$$

$$-mg \sin \alpha - k_t mg \cos \alpha = m a$$

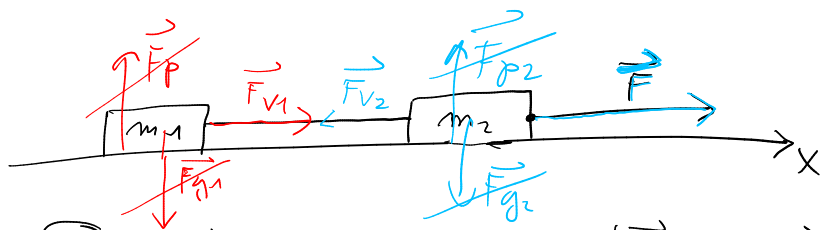
$$a = -g (\sin \alpha + k_t \cos \alpha)$$

$$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2 a s$$

$$v = \sqrt{v_0^2 - 2g (\sin \alpha + k_t \cos \alpha) s} = 9.45 \text{ m/s}$$

3.5

$m_1 = 1.5 \text{ kg}$
 $m_2 = 2 \text{ kg}$
 $F_V = 60 \text{ N}$
 $F_{\text{max}} = ?$



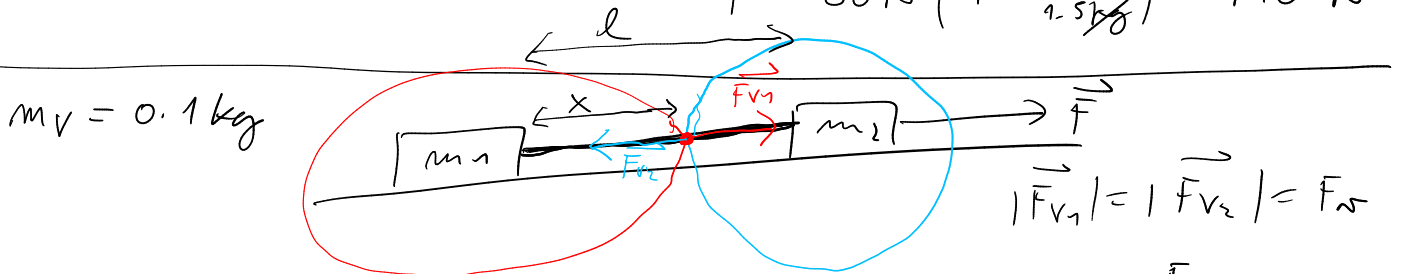
1. $\vec{F}_{V1} = m_1 \vec{a}_1$ $|\vec{F}_{V1}| = |\vec{F}_{V2}| = F_N$
 2. $\vec{F} + \vec{F}_{V2} = m_2 \vec{a}_2$ 3. Newton's zakon
 $|\vec{a}_1| = |\vec{a}_2| = a$

$x: F_N = m_1 a \rightarrow a = \frac{F_V}{m_1}$
 $F - F_N = m_2 a$

$F - F_V = \frac{m_2}{m_1} F_V$

$F_V (1 + \frac{m_2}{m_1}) = F$

$F = 60 \text{ N} (1 + \frac{2 \text{ kg}}{1.5 \text{ kg}}) = 140 \text{ N}$



$F_N = (m_1 + m_V \frac{x}{l}) a \rightarrow a = \frac{F_N}{m_1 + m_V \frac{x}{l}}$

$F - F_N = (m_2 + m_V \frac{l-x}{l}) a$

$F - F_N = \frac{m_2 + m_V \frac{l-x}{l}}{m_1 + m_V \frac{x}{l}} F_N$

$F = F_N (1 + \frac{m_2 + m_V \frac{l-x}{l}}{m_1 + m_V \frac{x}{l}})$

$F_N(x) = \text{max.}$
pri $x=l$

$x=l$

$F = F_N \frac{m_1 + m_2 + m_V}{m_1 + m_V}$
 $= 60 \frac{3.6}{1.6} \text{ N} =$
 $= \underline{135 \text{ N}}$

$F = F_N \frac{m_1 + m_2 + m_V}{m_1 + m_V \frac{x}{l}}$

$F_N = F \frac{m_1 + m_V \frac{x}{l}}{m_1 + m_2 + m_V} = F_N(x)$

3.7

$$m_1 = 1 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 2 \text{ kg}$$

$$\alpha = 30^\circ$$

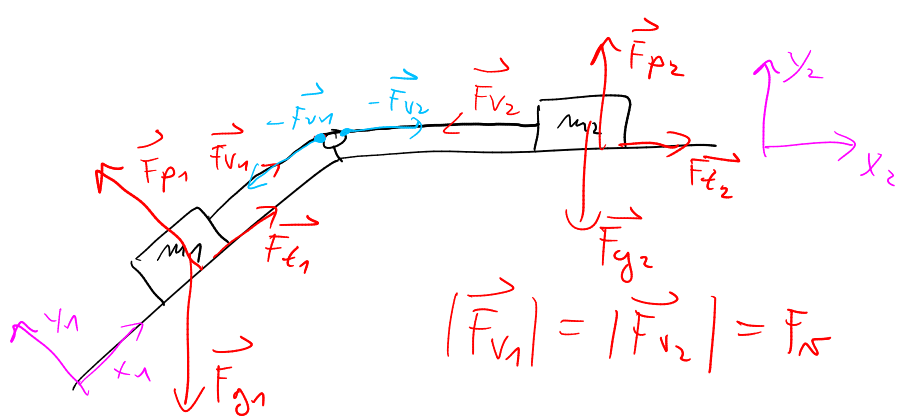
$$k_t = 0.1$$

$$p = 10\%$$

$$a = ?$$

$$F_N = ?$$

$$\Delta a = ?$$



$$1.) \quad \vec{F}_{g1} + \vec{F}_{p1} + \vec{F}_{V1} + \vec{F}_{t1} = m_1 \vec{a}_1 \quad |\vec{a}_1| = |\vec{a}_2| = a$$

$$2.) \quad \vec{F}_{g2} + \vec{F}_{p2} + \vec{F}_{V2} + \vec{F}_{t2} = m_2 \vec{a}_2$$

$$1.) \quad x_1: -m_1 g \sin \alpha + F_V + F_{t1} = m_1 a$$

$$y_1: -m_1 g \cos \alpha + F_{p1} = 0 \quad F_{t1} = F_{p1} k_t$$

$$2.) \quad x_2: -F_V + F_{t2} = m_2 a$$

$$y_2: -m_2 g + F_{p2} = 0 \quad F_{t2} = F_{p2} k_t$$

$$F_{t1} = m_1 g \cos \alpha k_t$$

$$F_{t2} = m_2 g k_t$$

$$1.) \quad -m_1 g \sin \alpha + F_N + m_1 g \cos \alpha k_t = m_1 a$$

$$2.) \quad -F_N + m_2 g k_t = m_2 a$$

$$\Sigma: -m_1 g \sin \alpha + m_1 g \cos \alpha k_t + m_2 g k_t = (m_1 + m_2) a$$

$$F_N = m_2 (g k_t - a) = 3.36 \text{ N}$$

$$a = g \frac{-m_1 \sin \alpha + k_t (m_1 \cos \alpha + m_2)}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$a = -0.7 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$k_t \rightarrow k_t (1+p) = k_t (1+10\%) = k_t \cdot 1.1 = 0.11$$

$$\Delta a = g \frac{\Delta k_t (m_1 \cos \alpha + m_2)}{m_1 + m_2} \quad \Delta k_t = p k_t$$

$$\Delta a = g \frac{p k_t (m_1 \cos \alpha + m_2)}{m_1 + m_2} = 0.094 \text{ m/s}^2$$

3.6

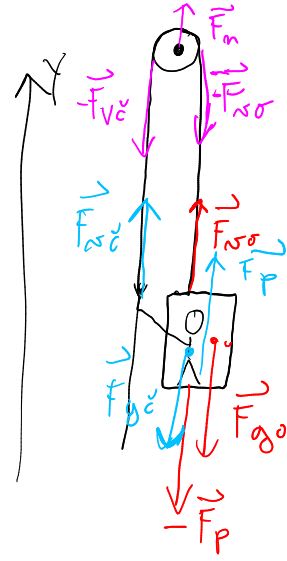
$$m_\sigma = 30 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_\check{c} = 90 \text{ kg}$$

$$F_p = 500 \text{ N}$$

$$a = ?$$

$$F_m = ?$$



$$\sigma: \vec{F}_{N\sigma} + \vec{F}_{g\sigma} - \vec{F}_p = m_\sigma \vec{a}_\sigma$$

$$\check{c}: \vec{F}_{N\check{c}} + \vec{F}_{g\check{c}} + \vec{F}_p = m_{\check{c}} \vec{a}_{\check{c}}$$

$$|\vec{a}_\sigma| = |\vec{a}_{\check{c}}| = a$$

$$|\vec{F}_{N\check{c}}| = |\vec{F}_{N\sigma}| = F_N$$

$$\sigma: F_N - m_\sigma g - F_p = m_\sigma a$$

$$\check{c}: F_N - m_{\check{c}} g + F_p = m_{\check{c}} a$$

$$\therefore (-m_\sigma + m_{\check{c}})g - 2F_p = (m_\sigma - m_{\check{c}})a$$

$$a = -g + \frac{2F_p}{m_{\check{c}} - m_\sigma} =$$

$$= -10 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} + \frac{2 \cdot 500 \text{ N}}{60 \text{ kg}} =$$

$$= \frac{40}{6} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = 6.7 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\vec{F}_m - \vec{F}_{V\check{c}} - \vec{F}_{N\sigma} = 0$$

$$F_m = 2F_V$$

$$2F_V = (m_\sigma + m_{\check{c}})(a + g) =$$

$$F_m = (m_\sigma + m_{\check{c}})(a + g) =$$

$$= 120 \text{ kg} \cdot \left(\frac{40}{6} + 10\right) \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = 1000 \text{ N}$$