

5.5

$m = 5 \text{ kg}$

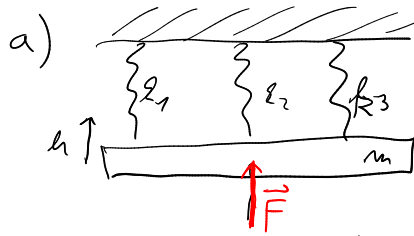
$k_1 = 200 \text{ N/m}$

$k_2 = 250 \text{ N/m}$

$k_3 = 300 \text{ N/m}$

$h = 10 \text{ cm}$

$A = ?$

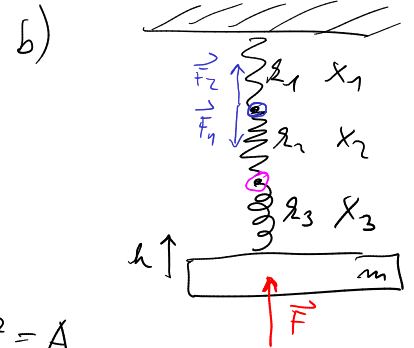


$\Delta W_p + \Delta W_{pr} = A$

a) $mgh + \frac{1}{2}k_1h^2 + \frac{1}{2}k_2h^2 + \frac{1}{2}k_3h^2 = A$

$A = mgh + \frac{1}{2}(k_1 + k_2 + k_3)h^2 = mgh + \frac{1}{2}\tilde{k}h^2 \quad \tilde{k} = k_1 + k_2 + k_3$

$A = 5 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot 0.1 \text{ m} + \frac{1}{2}(200 + 250 + 300) \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}} \cdot (0.1 \text{ m})^2 =$
 $= \underline{8,7 \text{ J}}$



b) $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = h$

$\vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 = 0 \quad F_1 = F_2$

$k_1 x_1 = k_2 x_2$

$k_2 x_2 = k_3 x_3$

$\frac{k_2}{k_1} x_2 + x_2 + \frac{k_2}{k_3} x_2 = h$

$k_2 x_2 \left(\frac{1}{k_1} + 1 + \frac{1}{k_3} \right) = h$

$x_2 = \frac{h}{k_2 \left(\frac{1}{k_1} + 1 + \frac{1}{k_3} \right)} = \frac{\tilde{k}}{k_2} h$

$x_1 = \frac{k_2}{k_1} x_2$

$x_3 = \frac{k_2}{k_3} x_2$

$\frac{1}{\tilde{k}} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2} + \frac{1}{k_3}$

$x_1 = \frac{\tilde{k}}{k_1} h$

$x_3 = \frac{\tilde{k}}{k_3} h$

$A = mgh + \frac{1}{2}k_1 \left(\frac{\tilde{k}}{k_1} h \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}k_2 \left(\frac{\tilde{k}}{k_2} h \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}k_3 \left(\frac{\tilde{k}}{k_3} h \right)^2 =$

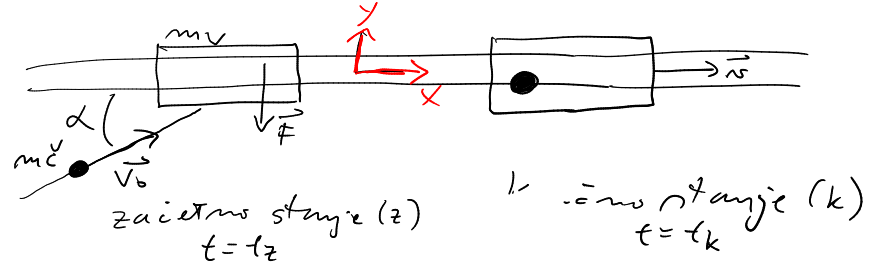
$= mgh + \frac{1}{2}\tilde{k}^2 h^2 \left(\frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2} + \frac{1}{k_3} \right) = mgh + \frac{1}{2}\tilde{k} h^2 =$

$= 5 \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{9.81 \text{ m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot 0.1 \text{ m} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1 \text{ N/m}}{\left(\frac{1}{200} + \frac{1}{250} + \frac{1}{300} \right)} \cdot 0.1 \text{ m}^2 = \underline{5,3 \text{ J}}$

3.17

- $m_V = 150 \text{ kg}$
- $m_č = 70 \text{ kg}$
- $v_0 = 5 \text{ m/s}$
- $\alpha = 30^\circ$

N
sumek sile



Zakon o gibalni količini:

$$\Delta \vec{G} = \int \vec{F} dt \quad \vec{G} = m \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{G}_k - \vec{G}_z = \int_{t_z}^{t_k} \vec{F} dt$$

$$(m_V + m_č) \vec{v} - (m_č v_0 + m_V \cdot 0) = \int \vec{F} dt$$

x: $(m_V + m_č) v - m_č v_0 \cos \alpha = 0$ ← \vec{F} sila trenja na vozček

y: $0 - m_č v_0 \sin \alpha = \int (-F) dt$

$$v = \frac{m_č v_0 \cos \alpha}{m_V + m_č} = \frac{70 \text{ kg} \cdot 5 \text{ m/s} \cdot \cos 30^\circ}{220 \text{ kg}} = 1,37 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\int F dt = m_č v_0 \sin \alpha = 70 \text{ kg} \cdot 5 \text{ m/s} \cdot \sin 30^\circ = 175 \text{ Ns}$$

$$\frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}} = \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot \text{s} = \underline{\underline{\text{Ns}}}$$

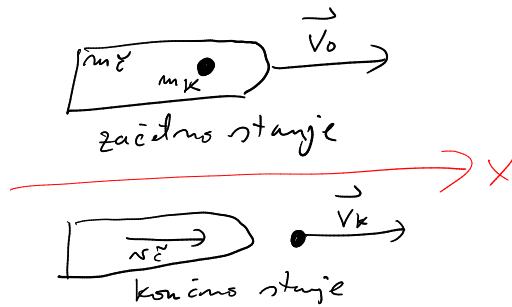
3.18 $m_{\check{c}} = 50 \text{ kg}$

$v_0 = 2 \text{ m/s}$

$m_K = 60 \text{ kg}$

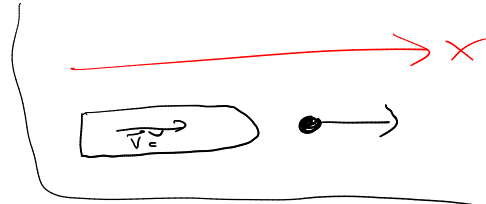
a) $v_K = 4 \text{ m/s}$ glede na vodo

$v_{\check{c}} = ?$



b) $v_K = 2.5 \text{ m/s}$ glede na čoln

$v_{\check{c}} = ?$



$\Delta G = \int \vec{F} dt$

ni zunanjih sil v smeri x

x: $G_K - G_{\check{c}} = \int F dt$

$(m_{\check{c}} v_{\check{c}} + m_K v_K) - (m_{\check{c}} + m_K) v_0 = 0$

$$v_{\check{c}} = \frac{(m_{\check{c}} + m_K) v_0 - m_K v_K}{m_{\check{c}}} =$$

$$= \frac{(50 + 60) \text{ kg} \cdot 2 \text{ m/s} - 60 \text{ kg} \cdot 4 \text{ m/s}}{50 \text{ kg}} =$$

$$= \underline{\underline{-0,4 \text{ m/s}}}$$

x: $G_K - G_{\check{c}} = 0$

$(m_{\check{c}} v_{\check{c}} + m_K (v_K + v_{\check{c}})) - (m_{\check{c}} + m_K) v_0 = 0$

$v_{\check{c}} = \frac{(m_{\check{c}} + m_K) v_0 - m_K v_K}{m_{\check{c}} + m_K}$

$v_{\check{c}} = v_0 - \frac{m_K}{m_{\check{c}} + m_K} \cdot v_K$

$v_{\check{c}} = 2 \text{ m/s} - \frac{60}{110} \cdot 2,5 \text{ m/s} =$

$= \underline{\underline{0,64 \text{ m/s}}}$

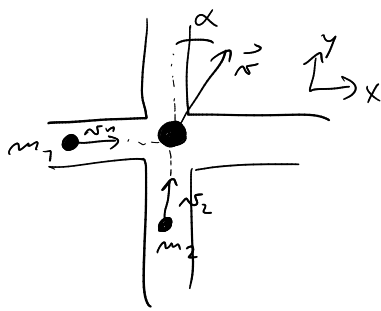
3.22

$$v_1 = 40 \text{ km/h}$$

$$m_2 = 2 m_1 \quad \mathcal{R} = 1, 2$$

$$\alpha = 30^\circ$$

$$v_2 = ?$$



$$\Delta \vec{G} = \int \vec{F} dt$$

$$\vec{G}_k - \vec{G}_z = 0$$

$$\vec{G}_k = \vec{G}_z$$

$$(m_1 + m_2) \vec{v} = m_1 \vec{v}_1 + m_2 \vec{v}_2$$

$$x: (m_1 + m_2) (v) \sin \alpha = m_1 v_1 + 0$$

$$y: (m_1 + m_2) (v) \cos \alpha = 0 + m_2 v_2$$

$$\therefore \quad \text{tg } \alpha = \frac{m_1 v_1}{m_2 v_2}$$

$$m_2 = 2 m_1$$

$$v_2 = \frac{m_1 v_1}{m_2 \text{tg } \alpha} = \frac{v_1}{2 \text{tg } \alpha} = \frac{40 \text{ km/h}}{2 \cdot \text{tg } 30^\circ} = \underline{\underline{57,74 \text{ km/h}}}$$

3.23

$$m_V = 1 \text{ kg}$$

$$\phi_m = 0,1 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$F = 0,5 \text{ N}$$

$$m_B = 2 \text{ kg}$$

$$v_k = ?$$



$$\vec{G}_k - \vec{G}_z = \int_0^{t_k} \vec{F} dt$$

$$x: m_k \cdot v_k - 0 = \int_0^{t_k} F dt = F \int_0^{t_k} dt = F t_k$$

$$v_k = \frac{F t_k}{m_k} = \frac{F}{m_k} \frac{m_B - m_V}{\phi_m} = \frac{0,5 \text{ N} \cdot 1 \text{ s}}{2 \text{ kg} \cdot 0,1 \text{ kg/s}} =$$

$$\phi_m = \frac{\Delta m}{\Delta t} = \frac{m_k - m_V}{t_k}$$

$$= 2,5 \frac{\text{Ns}}{\text{kg}} = 2,5 \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}{\text{s}^2 \cdot \text{kg}} =$$

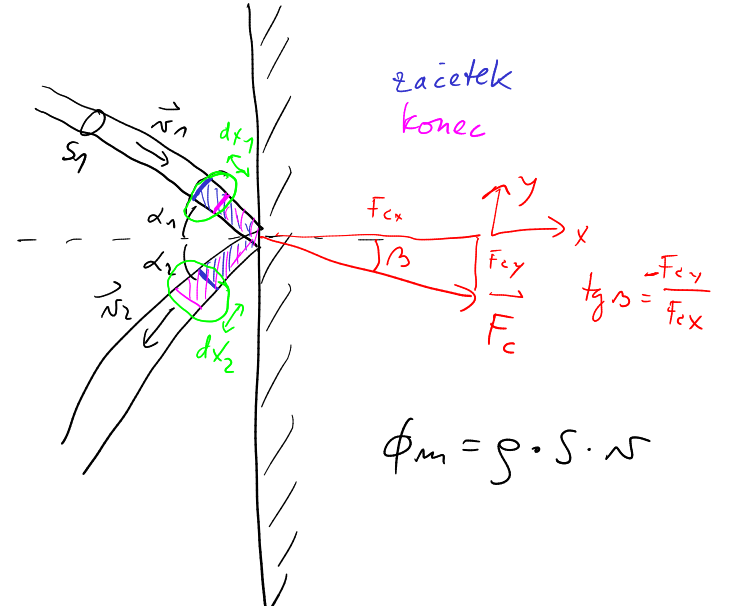
$$t_k = \frac{m_B - m_V}{\phi_m}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2,5 \text{ m/s}}}$$

3.30

- $\alpha_1 = 25^\circ$
- $\alpha_2 = 35^\circ$
- $S_1 = 1,5 \text{ cm}^2$
- $v_1 = 2 \text{ m/s}$
- $v_2 = 1,3 \text{ m/s}$
- $\rho = 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$

- $F_c = ?$
- $\beta = ?$



$$\Delta \vec{G} = \int \vec{F} dt$$

$$d\vec{G} = \vec{F} dt$$

$$dm \cdot \vec{v}_2 - dm \cdot \vec{v}_1 = -\vec{F}_c \cdot dt$$

$$\vec{F}_c = \frac{dm}{dt} (\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2) = \phi_m (\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2) = \rho S_1 v_1 (\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2)$$

$$\vec{F}_c = \rho S_1 v_1 (\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2) = \rho S_1 v_1 (v_1 \cos \alpha_1 + v_2 \cos \alpha_2, -v_1 \sin \alpha_1 + v_2 \sin \alpha_2)$$

$$F_c = \rho S_1 v_1 \sqrt{(v_1 \cos \alpha_1 + v_2 \cos \alpha_2)^2 + (v_2 \sin \alpha_2 - v_1 \sin \alpha_1)^2}$$

$$= \rho S_1 v_1 \sqrt{v_1^2 \cos^2 \alpha_1 + 2v_1 v_2 \cos \alpha_1 \cos \alpha_2 + v_2^2 \cos^2 \alpha_2 + v_2^2 \sin^2 \alpha_2 - 2v_1 v_2 \sin \alpha_1 \sin \alpha_2 + v_1^2 \sin^2 \alpha_1}$$

$$= \rho S_1 v_1 \sqrt{v_1^2 + v_2^2 + 2v_1 v_2 \cos(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)}$$

$$= \frac{1000 \text{ kg}}{\text{m}^3} (1,5 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ m}^2) \cdot 2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \sqrt{(2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2 + (1,3 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2 + 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 1,3 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \cos 60^\circ}$$

$$= \dots \frac{\text{kg m}}{\text{s s}} = \underline{0,186 \text{ N}}$$

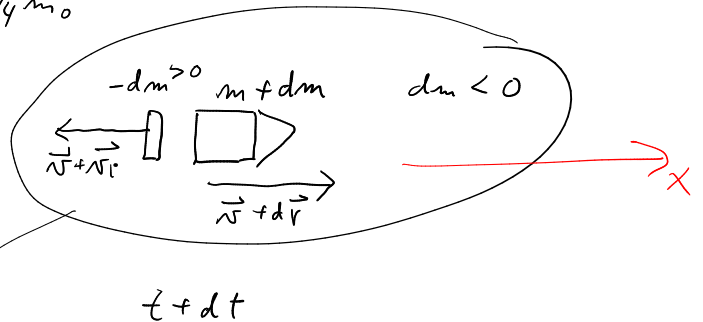
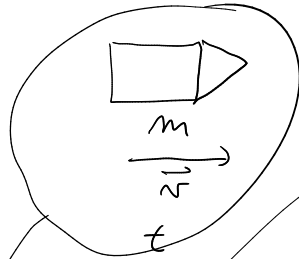
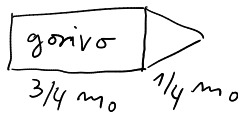
$$\text{tg } \beta = -\frac{F_{cy}}{F_{cx}} = \frac{v_1 \sin \alpha_1 - v_2 \sin \alpha_2}{v_1 \cos \alpha_1 + v_2 \cos \alpha_2} = \frac{2 \sin 25^\circ - 1,3 \sin 35^\circ}{2 \cos 25^\circ + 1,3 \cos 35^\circ} = \dots$$

$$\beta = \text{arctg } \dots = \underline{2^\circ}$$

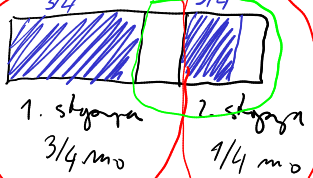
3.31 $v_i = 3 \text{ km/s}$

$\rho = 3/4$

$v_k = ?$



dwostopowy raketa



1. stopnia

$m_z^{(1)} = m_0$

$m_k^{(1)} = \frac{1}{4} m_0 + \frac{3}{4} m_0 \cdot \frac{1}{4} =$

$= \frac{7}{16} m_0$

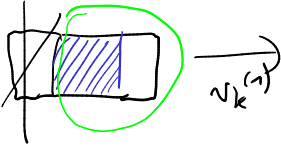
$v_k^{(1)} = 0 + v_i \ln \frac{m_z^{(1)}}{m_k^{(1)}} =$

$= 0 + v_i \ln \frac{m_0}{\frac{7}{16} m_0} =$

$= v_i \ln \frac{16}{7}$

2. stopnia

zaczek



$v_k^{(2)} = v_k^{(1)} + v_i \ln \frac{m_z^{(2)}}{m_k^{(2)}}$

$m_z^{(2)} = \frac{1}{4} m_0$

$m_k^{(2)} = \frac{1}{4} m_z^{(2)} = \frac{1}{16} m_0$

$v_k^{(2)} = v_k^{(1)} + v_i \ln \frac{\frac{1}{4} m_0}{\frac{1}{16} m_0} =$

$= v_k^{(1)} + v_i \ln 4 =$

$= v_i \ln \frac{16}{7} + v_i \ln 4 =$

$= v_i \ln \frac{64}{7} = \underline{6,64 \text{ km/s}}$

$(m+dm)(v+dv) + (-dm)(v+v_i) = m v$

$(m+dm)(v+dv) + (-dm)(v-v_i) = m v$

$m v + m dv + dm v + dm v - dm v + dm v_i = m v$

$m dv + dm v_i = 0$

$\frac{dm}{m} = - \frac{dv}{v_i} \quad / \int$

$\int_{m_z}^{m_k} \frac{dm}{m} = - \int_{v_z}^{v_k} \frac{dv}{v_i}$

$\ln \frac{m_k}{m_z} = - \frac{v_k - v_z}{v_i}$

$v_k = v_z - v_i \ln \frac{m_k}{m_z}$

$v_k = v_z + v_i \ln \frac{m_z}{m_k} \rightarrow v_k = 0 + 3 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}} \cdot \ln \frac{m_0}{\frac{1}{4} m_0}$

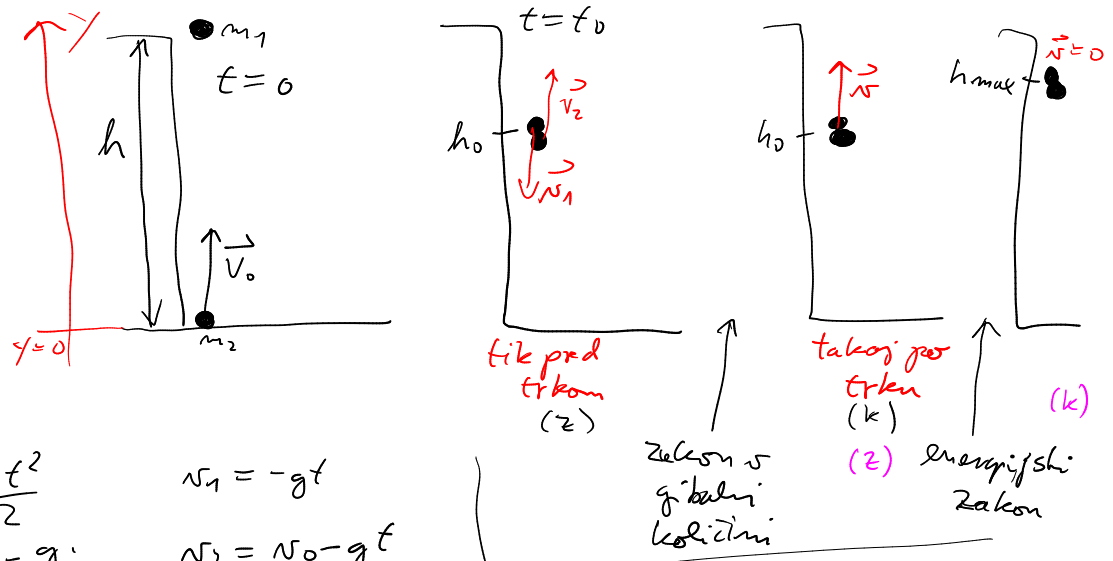
$v_k(t) = v_z + v_i \ln \frac{m_z}{m(t)} \quad v_k = 3 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}} \ln 4 =$

$= \underline{4,16 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}}}$

5.8

$m_1 = 2 \text{ kg}$
 $m_2 = 1 \text{ kg}$
 $h = 10 \text{ m}$
 $v_0 = 20 \text{ m/s}$

 $h_{\text{max}} = ?$
 $W_{\text{izg}} = ?$



$1: y_1 = h - \frac{gt^2}{2} \quad v_1 = -gt$
 $2: y_2 = v_0 t - \frac{gt^2}{2} \quad v_2 = v_0 - gt$

Zakon o gibalni količini (z)
 Energijski zakon (k)

trk: $y_1 = y_2$
 $h - \frac{gt_0^2}{2} = v_0 t_0 - \frac{gt_0^2}{2}$
 $t_0 = \frac{h}{v_0}$
 $y_1(t_0): h_0 = h - \frac{gh^2}{2v_0^2}$

$v_1 = -g \frac{h}{v_0}$
 $v_2 = v_0 - g \frac{h}{v_0}$

$\Delta \vec{G} = \int \vec{F} dt = 0$
 $\vec{G}_k = \vec{G}_z$
 $g: (m_1 + m_2) v = m_1 v_1 + m_2 v_2$
 $v = \frac{m_1 v_1 + m_2 v_2}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{m_2 v_0}{m_1 + m_2} - \frac{gh}{v_0}$

$h_{\text{max}}:$

$\Delta W = \Delta W_p + \Delta W_k = \Delta A' = 0$
 $(m_1 + m_2) g (h_{\text{max}} - h_0) + \left[0 - \frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) v^2 \right] = 0$

$h_{\text{max}} = h_0 + \frac{v^2}{2g}$

$h_{\text{max}} = h - \frac{gh^2}{2v_0^2} + \frac{1}{2g} \left(\frac{m_2}{m_1 + m_2} v_0 - \frac{gh}{v_0} \right)^2 =$

$= 10 \text{ m} - \frac{9.81 \text{ m} \cdot (10 \text{ m})^2}{2 \cdot (20 \text{ m/s})^2} + \frac{1 \text{ s}^2}{2 \cdot 9.81 \text{ m}} \left(\frac{1 \text{ kg}}{3 \text{ kg}} 20 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} - \frac{9.81 \text{ m} \cdot 10 \text{ m}}{20 \text{ m/s}} \right)^2 =$

$= 8.93 \text{ m}$

$W_{\text{izg}} = W_k^{(k)} - W_k^{(z)} = \frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) v^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2^2 \right) =$
 $= \frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) \left[\frac{m_2}{m_1 + m_2} v_0 - \frac{gh}{v_0} \right]^2 - \frac{1}{2} m_1 \left[-\frac{gh}{v_0} \right]^2 - \frac{1}{2} m_2 \left[v_0 - \frac{gh}{v_0} \right]^2 =$

$= \frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) \left[\left(\frac{m_2 v_0}{m_1 + m_2} \right)^2 - \frac{2gh m_2}{v_0 (m_1 + m_2)} + \left(\frac{gh}{v_0} \right)^2 \right] - \frac{1}{2} m_1 \left(\frac{gh}{v_0} \right)^2 -$
 $- \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_0^2 + m_2 v_0 \frac{gh}{v_0} - \frac{1}{2} m_2 \left(\frac{gh}{v_0} \right)^2 =$

$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_2^2 v_0^2}{m_1 + m_2} - \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_0^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_0^2 \left(\frac{m_2}{m_1 + m_2} - 1 \right) =$

$= -\frac{1}{2} \frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} v_0^2 = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1 \text{ kg} \cdot 2 \text{ kg}}{3 \text{ kg}} \cdot (20 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2 = -133 \text{ J}$