

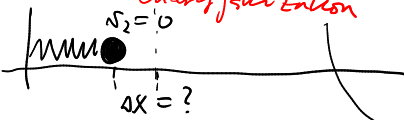
5.10



procentrik



energijski zakon



$$m_1 = 50 \text{ g}$$

$$v_0 = 0,8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$m_2 = 180 \text{ g}$$

$$k = 20 \text{ N/m}$$

$$\Delta x = ?$$

2. konstanta:

$$\Delta W_k + \Delta W_{pr} = 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2^2 + \frac{1}{2} k \Delta x^2 = 0$$

$$\Delta x = \sqrt{\frac{m_2}{k}} v_2$$

$$\Delta x = \sqrt{\frac{m_2}{k}} \frac{2 m_1}{m_1 + m_2} v_0 =$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{0,18 \text{ kg}}{20 \text{ N/m}} \frac{2 \cdot 0,05 \text{ kg}}{0,23 \text{ kg}}} \cdot 0,8 \text{ m/s} =$$

$$= 0,033 \text{ m}$$

procentrik:

ohranjaba se

gibalne količine in energije

$$\frac{m_1 v_0^2}{2} = \frac{m_1 v_1^2}{2} + \frac{m_2 v_2^2}{2}$$

$$m_1 v_0 = m_2 v_2 + m_1 v_1$$

$$v_1 = v_0 - \frac{m_2}{m_1} v_2$$

$$m_1 v_0^2 = m_1 \left( v_0 - \frac{m_2}{m_1} v_2 \right)^2 + m_2 v_2^2$$

$$m_1 v_0^2 = m_1 v_0^2 - 2 m_1 v_0 v_2 \frac{m_2}{m_1} + \frac{m_2^2}{m_1} v_2^2 + m_2 v_2^2$$

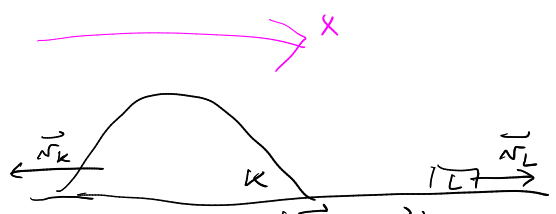
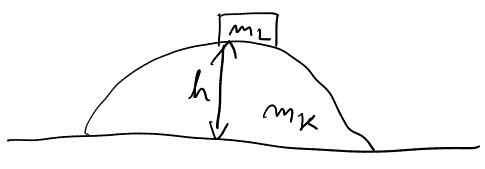
$$0 = -2 v_0 + \frac{m_2}{m_1} v_2 + v_2$$

$$v_2 = \frac{2 v_0}{1 + \frac{m_2}{m_1}}$$

$$v_2 = \frac{2 m_1}{m_1 + m_2} v_0$$

5.12

zúccék



$$\begin{aligned}
 m_K &= 3 \text{ kg} \\
 m_L &= 1 \text{ kg} \\
 \frac{\Delta v}{h} &= 4 \text{ m/s}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta v = (v_L - v_K)$$

$$\left[ m_L \frac{v_L^2}{2} + \frac{m_K v_K^2}{2} \right] + [-m_L g h] = 0$$

$$\Delta W_K + \Delta W_P = 0$$

$$\Delta \vec{G} = 0$$

x:  $m_L v_L + m_K v_K = 0$

$$\Rightarrow v_K = -\frac{m_L}{m_K} v_L$$

$$m_L \frac{v_L^2}{2} + \frac{m_L}{m_K} \frac{v_L^2}{2} = m_L g h$$

$$v_L^2 = \frac{2 g h}{1 + \frac{m_L}{m_K}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{2 g h m_K}{m_L + m_K}} = v_L$$

$$\Delta v = v_L - v_K$$



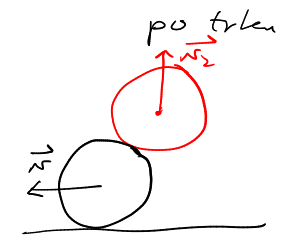
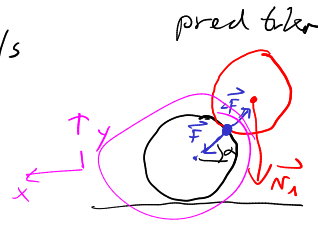
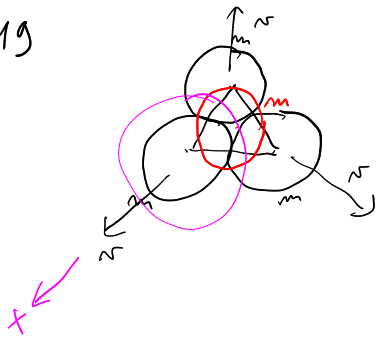
$$\Delta v = \sqrt{\frac{2 g h m_K}{m_L + m_K}} \left( 1 + \frac{m_L}{m_K} \right) = \sqrt{\frac{2 g h m_K}{m_L + m_K}} \sqrt{\frac{(m_K + m_L)^2}{(m_K)^2}} =$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2 g h (m_K + m_L)}{m_K}} \rightarrow h = \frac{m_K}{m_L + m_K} \frac{\Delta v^2}{2 g} = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{16 \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-2}}{\text{s}^2 \cdot 2 \cdot 10 \text{ m/s}^2} =$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0,6 \text{ m}}}$$

5.19

$v = 2 \text{ m/s}$



$$\frac{mN_1}{2} = \frac{mN_2}{2} + 3 \frac{mN}{2} \rightarrow \underline{N_1^2 = N_2^2 + 3N^2}$$

zakon o gibanju količini za čvrste krogljice

$$\Delta \vec{G} = \int \vec{F} dt$$

x:  $mN - 0 = \int F \cos \alpha dt$   
 Za vlecis krogljice

y:  $mN_2 - mN_1 = 3 \int F \sin \alpha dt$   
 ker so 3 čvrste krogljice

$$\frac{N_2 - N_1}{N} = 3 \tan \alpha = 3\sqrt{2}$$

tetraeder



$\tan \alpha = \frac{h}{b}$

$b = \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{3}}$

$h^2 = a^2 - b^2 = a^2 - \frac{a^2}{3} = \frac{2}{3} a^2 \quad h = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} a$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} a}{\frac{a}{\sqrt{3}}} = \sqrt{2}$

$N_1^2 = N_2^2 + 3N^2$

$N_1 = ?$

$\frac{N_2 - N_1}{N} = 3\sqrt{2}$

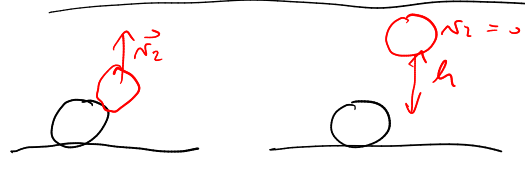
$N_2 = 3\sqrt{2}N + N_1$

$N_1^2 = (3\sqrt{2}N + N_1)^2 + 3N^2$

$N_1^2 = 18N^2 + 6\sqrt{2}NN_1 + N_1^2 + 3N^2$

$21N^2 + 6\sqrt{2}NN_1 = 0$

$N_1 = -\frac{21}{6\sqrt{2}}N = -\frac{7}{2\sqrt{2}} \cdot 2 \text{ m/s} = -5 \text{ m/s}$



$\Delta W_k + \Delta W_p = 0$

$-\frac{1}{2}mN_2^2 + mgh = 0 \quad h = \frac{N_2^2}{2g}$

$h = \frac{N_1^2 - 3N^2}{2g} = \frac{25 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} - 3 \cdot 4 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}}{2 \cdot 10 \text{ m/s}^2} = 0,65 \text{ m}$

3.33

$$\gamma_0 = 0.3 \text{ Hz}$$

$$M = 100 \text{ Nm}$$

$$J_0 = 500 \text{ kg m}^2$$

$$m_1 = 25 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 30 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_3 = 35 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_4 = 40 \text{ kg}$$

$$R = 1.5 \text{ m}$$

$$N = ?$$

$$F = ma \rightarrow M = J\alpha$$

$$\omega_k^2 = \omega_z^2 + 2\alpha\varphi$$

$$0 = (2\pi\gamma_0)^2 + 2\alpha \cdot 2\pi N$$

$$N = -\frac{\pi\gamma_0^2}{\alpha}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{M}{J}$$

$$J = \sum_n J_n = J_0 + m_1 R^2 + m_2 R^2 + m_3 R^2 + m_4 R^2$$

$$m = m_1 + m_2 + m_3 + m_4 = 130 \text{ kg}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{M}{J_0 + mR^2}$$

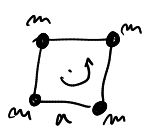
$$N = -\frac{\pi\gamma_0^2 (J_0 + mR^2)}{M} = -\frac{\pi \cdot 0.3 \cdot (500 \text{ kg m}^2 + 130 \text{ kg} \cdot 1.5^2 \text{ m}^2)}{5^2 \cdot (100 \text{ Nm})} =$$


$$= \underline{\underline{2.25}}$$

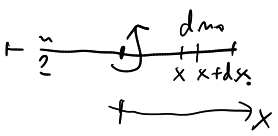
3.35


$$J = \sum_i J_i = \sum_i m_i R_i^2$$

$$J = \int dJ = \int dm R^2$$

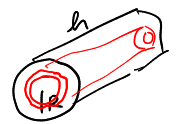
a)   $J = 4m \left(\frac{a\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 = 4m \frac{a^2}{2} = 2ma^2$

b)   $J = \int dm R^2 = R^2 \int dm = R^2 \cdot m = mR^2$

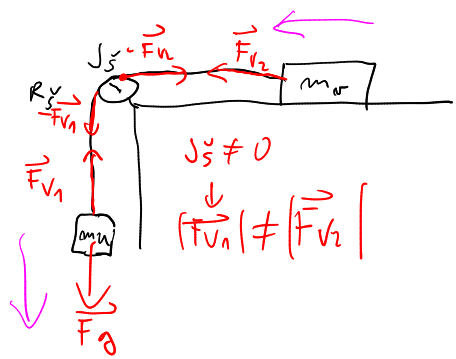
c)   $J = \int dm R^2 = \int \left(\frac{dx}{l} m\right) \cdot x^2 = \frac{m}{l} \int_{-l/2}^{l/2} x^2 dx = \frac{m}{l} \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_{-l/2}^{l/2} = \frac{m}{3l} \left[\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^3 - \left(-\frac{l}{2}\right)^3\right] = \frac{m l^3}{3l} \cdot 2 = \frac{m l^2}{12}$

d)   $J = \int dm R^2 = \int \left(\frac{dS}{\pi R^2} m\right) \cdot r^2 = \int_0^R \frac{2\pi r dr}{\pi R^2} m r^2 = \frac{2m}{R^2} \int_0^R r^3 dr = \frac{2m}{R^2} \frac{R^4}{4} = \frac{m R^2}{2}$

$dS = \pi (r+dr)^2 - \pi r^2 = \cancel{\pi r^2} + 2\pi r dr + \cancel{\pi dr^2} - \pi r^2 = 2\pi r dr$   
2 annular rings

e)   $J = \int dm R^2 = \int \frac{dV}{\pi R^2 h} m r^2 = \int \frac{2\pi r dr h}{\pi R^2 h} m r^2 = \frac{m R^2}{2}$

3.36



$a = a_T = \alpha R$

- $J_S =$  a)  $\frac{m_S R^2}{2}$  poln valj
- b)  $m_S R^2$  obroč
- c) 0 brez mase

$m_n = 100g$   
 $m_u = 10g$   
 $m_S = 14g$   
 $R_S = 2\text{ cm}$   
 $a = ?$

u leži:  $m_u g - F_1 = m_u a$

ovzišči:  $F_{V2} = m_n a$

š krmpe:  $|M_1| - |M_2| = J_S \alpha$

$(F_{V1} - F_{V2}) R = J_S \cdot \frac{a}{R}$

$F_{V1} = m_u (g - a)$

$F_{V2} = m_n a$

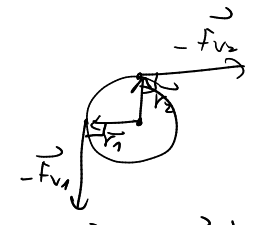
$m_u g - m_u a - m_n a = \frac{J_S}{R^2} a$

$a = \frac{m_u g}{m_u + m_n + \frac{J_S}{R^2}} = \frac{10g \cdot 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2}{10g + 100g + 14g \cdot \begin{cases} 1/2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{cases}} =$

- $J_S =$  a)  $\frac{1}{2} m R^2$
- b)  $m R^2$
- c) 0

$\begin{cases} a) 0,84 \\ b) 0,79 \\ c) 0,89 \end{cases} \text{ m/s}^2$

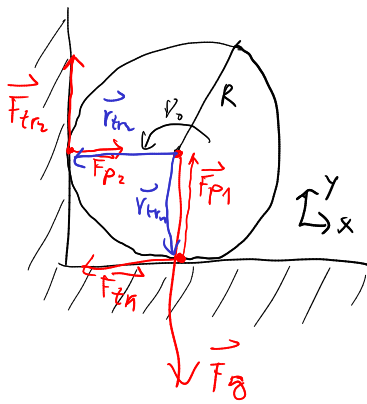
$\vec{M} = J \alpha$   
 $\vec{M} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F}$



$\vec{M}_1 = \vec{r}_1 \times (-\vec{F}_{V1})$

$|\vec{M}_1| = R \cdot F_{V1} \quad |\vec{M}_2| = R \cdot F_{V2}$

3.38



$v_0 = 10,1 \text{ Hz}$   
 $R = 10 \text{ cm}$   
 $k_{tr} = 0,1$   
 $N = ?$

$M = J \alpha$   
 $\omega_k^2 = \omega_z^2 + 2 \alpha \varphi$   
 $0 = (2\pi v_0)^2 + 2 \alpha \cdot (2\pi N)$   
 $N = -\frac{\pi v_0^2}{\alpha}$

$J = \frac{1}{2} m R^2$

$$\vec{M} = \sum \vec{r} \times \vec{F} = \underbrace{\vec{0} \times \vec{F}_g}_{\vec{0}} + \underbrace{\vec{r}_{p1} \times \vec{F}_{p1}}_{\vec{0}} + \underbrace{\vec{r}_{p2} \times \vec{F}_{p2}}_{\vec{0}} + \vec{r}_{tr1} \times \vec{F}_{tr1} + \vec{r}_{tr2} \times \vec{F}_{tr2}$$

$\vec{r}_{p1} \parallel \vec{F}_{p1}$      $\vec{r}_{p2} \parallel \vec{F}_{p2}$      $\vec{r}_{tr1} \perp \vec{F}_{tr1}$      $\vec{r}_{tr2} \perp \vec{F}_{tr2}$   
 $\otimes$      $\otimes$

$|\vec{M}| = R (F_{tr1} + F_{tr2})$

$|\vec{r}_{tr1}| = |\vec{r}_{tr2}| = R$

2 N.z.  $\sum \vec{F} = m \vec{a}^*$   
 $\vec{F}_g + \vec{F}_{p1} + \vec{F}_{p2} + \vec{F}_{tr1} + \vec{F}_{tr2} = \vec{0}$   
 $x: 0 + 0 + F_{p2} - F_{tr1} + 0 = 0$   
 $y: -mg + F_{p1} + 0 + 0 + F_{tr2} = 0$

$F_{p2} - F_{tr1} = 0$      $F_{tr1} = k_{tr} F_{p1}$   
 $-mg + F_{p1} + F_{tr2} = 0$      $F_{tr2} = k_{tr} F_{p2}$

$\frac{F_{tr2}}{k_{tr}} = F_{tr1}$      $-mg + \frac{F_{tr1}}{k_{tr}} + F_{tr2} = 0$

$-mg + \frac{F_{tr2}}{k_{tr}} + F_{tr2} = 0$

$F_{tr2} = \frac{mg}{1 + \frac{1}{k_{tr}^2}} = \frac{mg k_{tr}^2}{1 + k_{tr}^2}$

$F_{tr1} = \frac{mg k_{tr}}{1 + k_{tr}^2}$

$|\vec{M}| = \frac{mg R k_{tr} (1 + k_{tr})}{1 + k_{tr}^2}$

$M = -|\vec{M}| = J \alpha = \frac{1}{2} m R^2 \alpha$

$-\frac{mg R k_{tr} (1 + k_{tr})}{1 + k_{tr}^2} = \frac{1}{2} m R^2 \alpha$

$\alpha = -\frac{2g}{R} \frac{k_{tr} (1 + k_{tr})}{1 + k_{tr}^2}$

$N = -\frac{\pi v_0^2}{\alpha} = \frac{\pi v_0^2 R (1 + k_{tr}^2)}{2g k_{tr} (1 + k_{tr})} = \frac{\pi \cdot (10,1)^2 \cdot 0,1 \text{ m} \cdot (1 + 0,1^2)}{2 \cdot 9,81 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 0,1 \cdot (1 + 0,1)} = \underline{\underline{15}}$